

SDG and Civil Society

How the Global Target

“No one left behind”

Was Made

Ugoku → Ugokasu

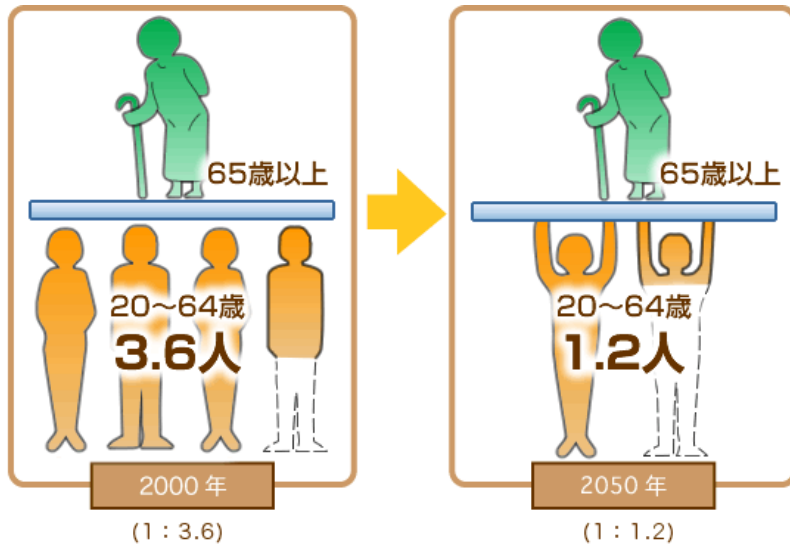
Masaki Inaba

(Translated by FoE Japan)

Is the world unsustainable?



Japan, too... Cannot turn their backs on these issues



The way SDGs should be:
Global Goals for confronting the
issue of unsustainability head-on

持続可能な開発目標

SDGs (Sustainable Development Goals)

What are Sustainable Development Goals(SDGs)?

2015年9月、国連総会SDGs採択サミットにて、193カ国の賛成により採択。



SDGs are...

1. Eradication of poverty in the world
2. Transforming an unsustainable world to a sustainable one

Goal 1-6	Getting rid of world poverty
Goal 7-11	Creating a 'sustainable' economy
Goal 12-15	Protecting the environment
Goal 16, 17	Creating a system to achieve Goals 1-15

The deadline is 2030. 17 goals, 169 targets.
So many goals?

Biggest difference btw the old goals and new ones :

developed countries like Japan need to implement their goals!

2 Pillars of SDGs

Contents of SDGs

Getting rid of poverty and socioeconomic disparity (flow of MDGs)

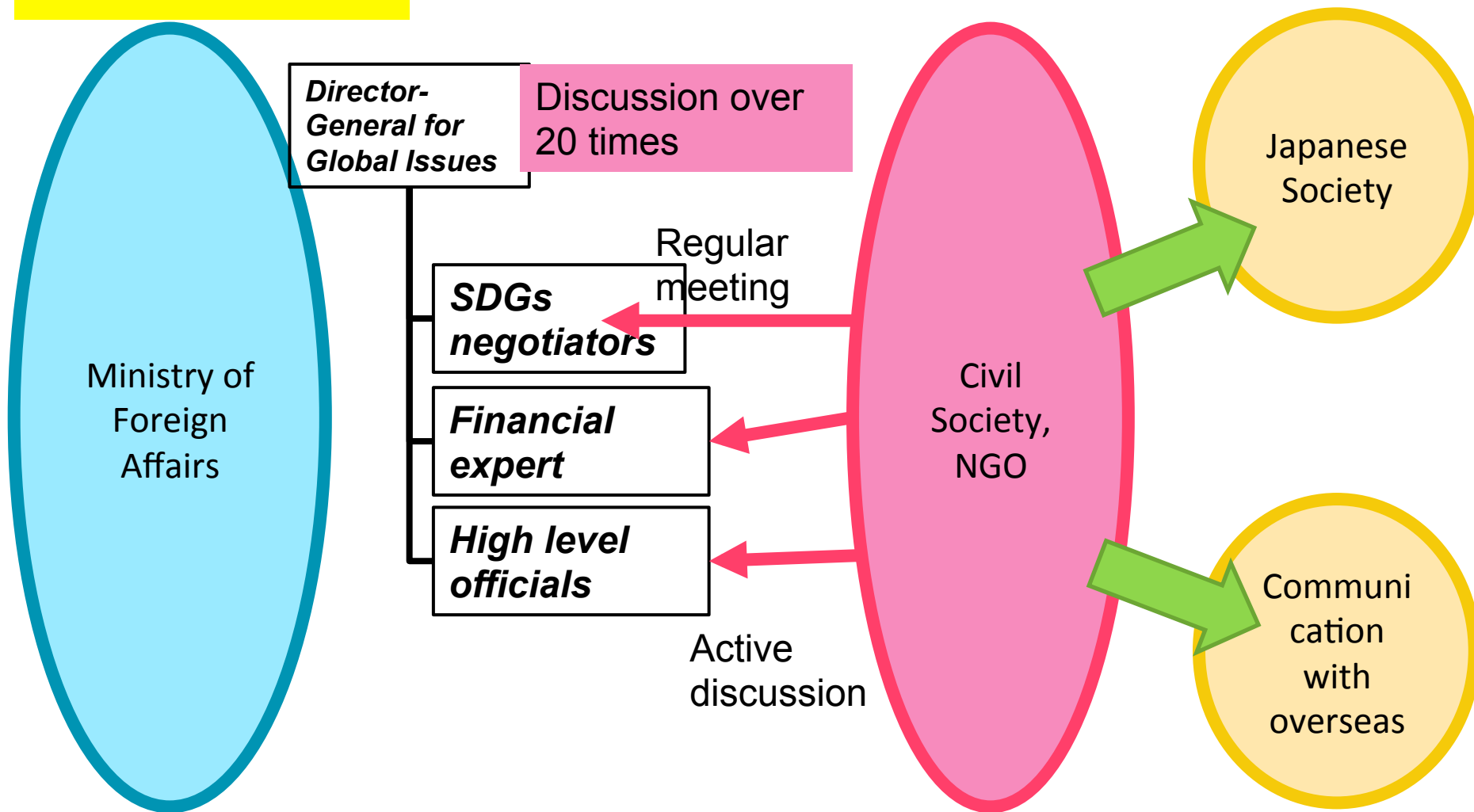
Creating a sustainable world (following Rio+20)

1	End poverty in all its forms everywhere	10	Reduce inequality within and among countries
2	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	11	Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable
3	Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	12	Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns
4	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote life-long learning opportunities for all	13	Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts
5	Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	14	Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development
6	Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	15	Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss
7	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	16	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels
8	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	17	Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development
9	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation		

MDGs
 Rio +20
 Both
 Means

How it was done in Japan

Government



Messages to the Parliament Achieving commitments at high level

In October 8th, 2015, the event, “Discussing with fifteen fifteen year-olds! The world in 15 years and Japan’s future” was held. Over 20 members of parliament (from every major party) were in attendance. SDGs were debated amongst young students and the members of parliament for a direct discussion.

- There were organized discussions and study talks including all parties.
- The House of Councilors ODA Special Committee meeting, agree that SDGs should be implemented under the guidance of NGOs



(above) Seminar in Ehime prefecture

(below) A press conference in New York



The Japanese government sets up the headquarters of SDGs

- ◆ “SDGs Implementation Headquarters” established, headed PM Abe (May 20th)
 - Stabilizing the Middle East
 - Global Health
 - Gender equality
- ◆ SDGs became an important policy in Abe’s administration



- SDGs cannot be achieved with just the governments⇒future cooperation with other social sectors
- How to get people in poverty and social disparity involved? (Leave No One Behind)
- How to make policies to change unsustainable japan to sustainable with people’s engagement

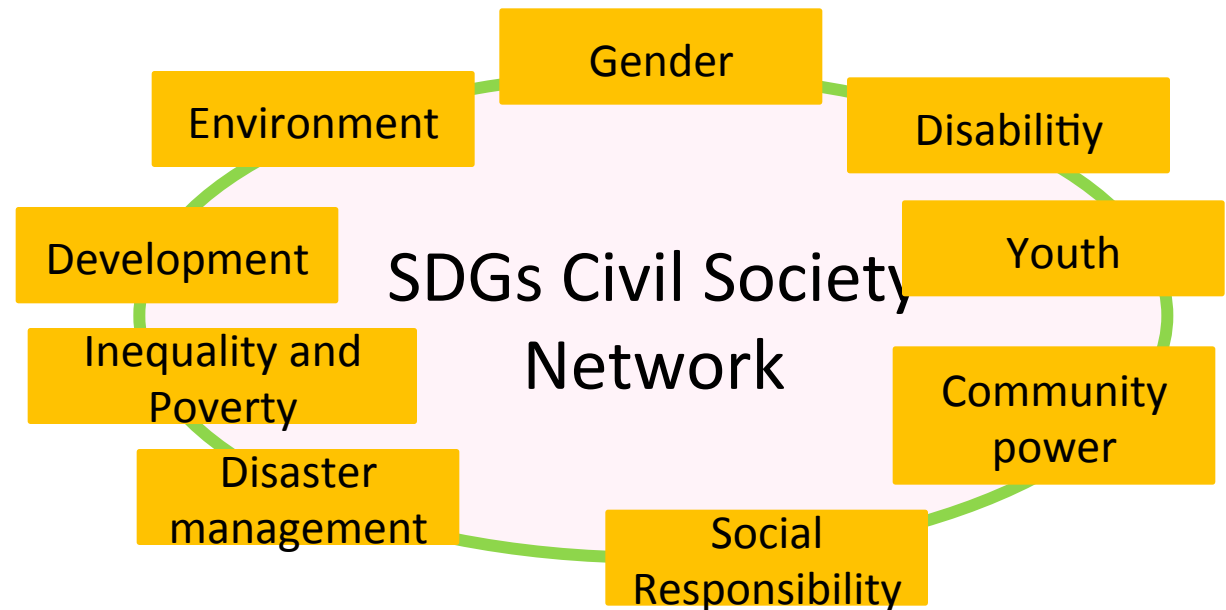
Establishing the “SDGs Citizen Network”

- ◆ To work toward fulfilling the SDGs/2030 Agenda
 - Creating vast citizen's network
 - Window to conversations with the government and parliament
 - Reflecting diversity in the society for promoting SDGs

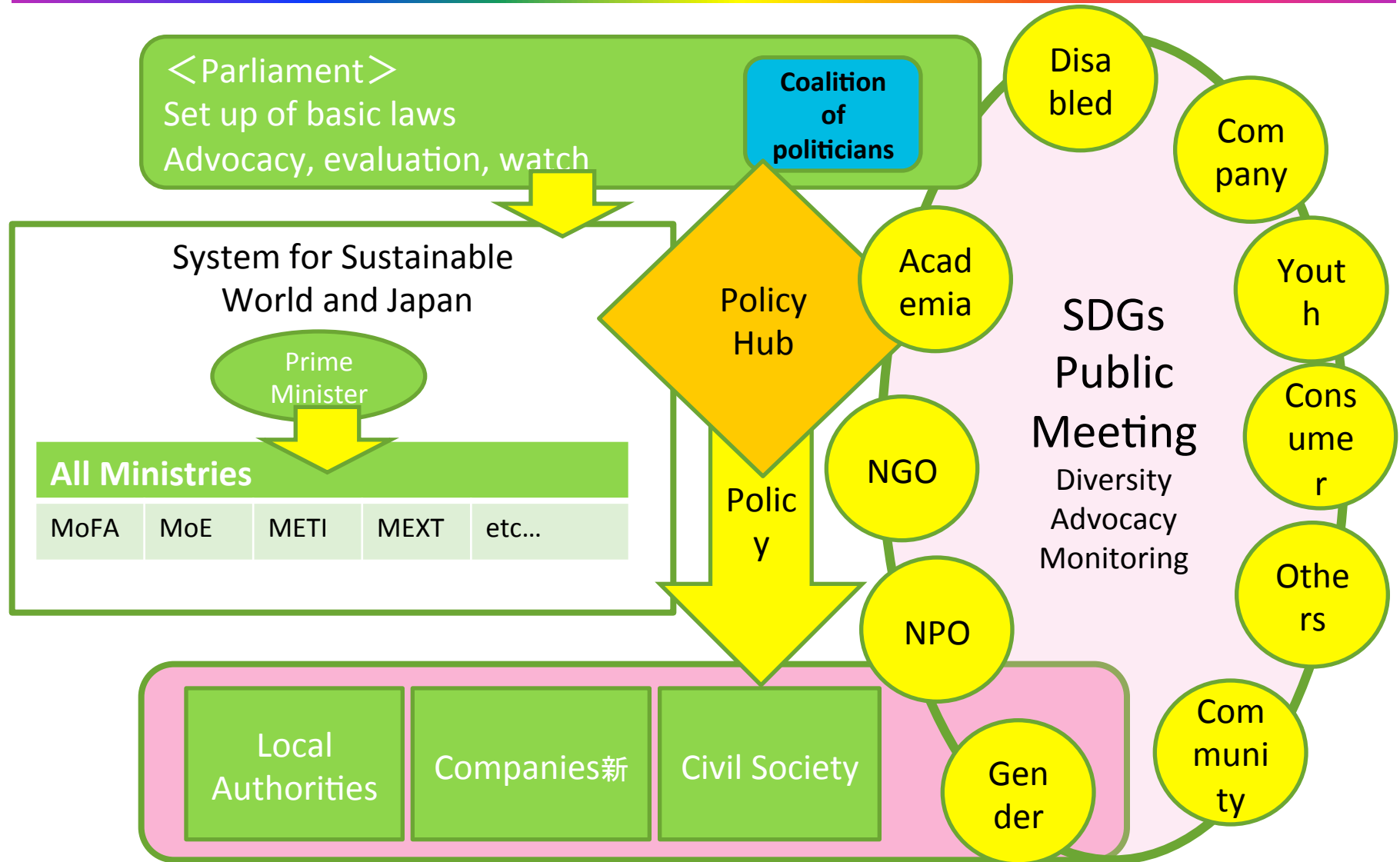
◆ Established April 14th

◆ Based on
“Post-2015 NGO platform”

◆ Representatives
E. Sadamatsu,
(JANIC)
T. Hoshino (EPO)



Steps needed to create a “Sustainable world” “Sustainable Japan”



For SDGs to stay meaningful, need to work on the root cause of the unsustainability modern times

◆ Modern capitalism is being questioned

- A system that can't function without economic progress and "frontiers"
- Innovation creates big socioeconomic disparities
=it's true if we see that cost takes precedence over needs
- "using 1.5 times what the earth can reuse → no solution"

• Only civil societies can create a sustainable society

- Can businesses give up "tax haven"?
- Can they stop mass production and consumerism? → (it depends, but) the citizens' movements is what can really lead our society toward a sustainable society

• **The biggest project is the establishing of a strong social movement**